

Genus-species:	Juncus pauciflorus
Authority:	R.Br., 1810
Subordinate taxa:	-
Synonyms and authority:	<i>Juncus gunni</i> i Hook.f. (1858), <i>Juncus pauciflorus</i> var. <i>gunni</i> i (Hook.f.) Buchenau (1890)
Common name:	-
Section:	Juncotypus
Threat status (2012):	Native, Nationally Vulnerable

NZ distribution: Uncommon but scattered in N & SI, probably most abundant on Great Barrier Island

Habitat: Coastal to lowland in damp ground and hollows under light scrub, in pasture, swamp margins or within coastal forest.

Identification features: Open clumps spreading widely from the base up to 1 m tall with sprawling almost floppy smooth, dark-green stems less than or equal to 2 mm wide. **Pith:** when stem is split length ways, pith is continuous (without holes). **Leaves:** absent, but has very short leaf like appendages at the base of each stem that are conspicuously dark red-brown in colour. **Flower heads:** open with only a few flowers forming one cluster close to the stem and one or more upon a slender curved branchlet. **Capsules:** 2.5-3.5 mm long,egg shaped, light brown to red-brown, often very dark towards apex. **Tepals:** usally distincly shorter than the tepals.

Similar species: The rather widely spreading, very thin, loose almost floppy bright-green stems and slender, flexible branchlets are especially distinctive of this species. May be confused with *J. pallidus* or *J. procerus* which both differ in having extremely robust stems greater than 3 mm wide.



Herbarium images. A- whole plant , B,C&E- flower heads, D- flower head showing close up of capsules and tepals, Fcreeping rhizome. (Images A, C, D, E, F and the title banner image supplied by Allan Herbarium, CHR copyright, Landcare Research. Photo B supplied by the Auckland Museum Herbarium)